### A Sorrowful Spectacle.

# In Two SERMONS,

Occasioned by a Just Sentence of DEATH, on a Miserable Woman, for the MURDER of a Spurious Offspring.

The ONE Declaring,

The EVIL of an HEART HAR-DENED, under and against all Means of GOOD.

The OTHER Describing,

The Fearful Case of such as in a Suffering Time, and much more such as in a Dying Hour, are sound without the FEAR of GOD.

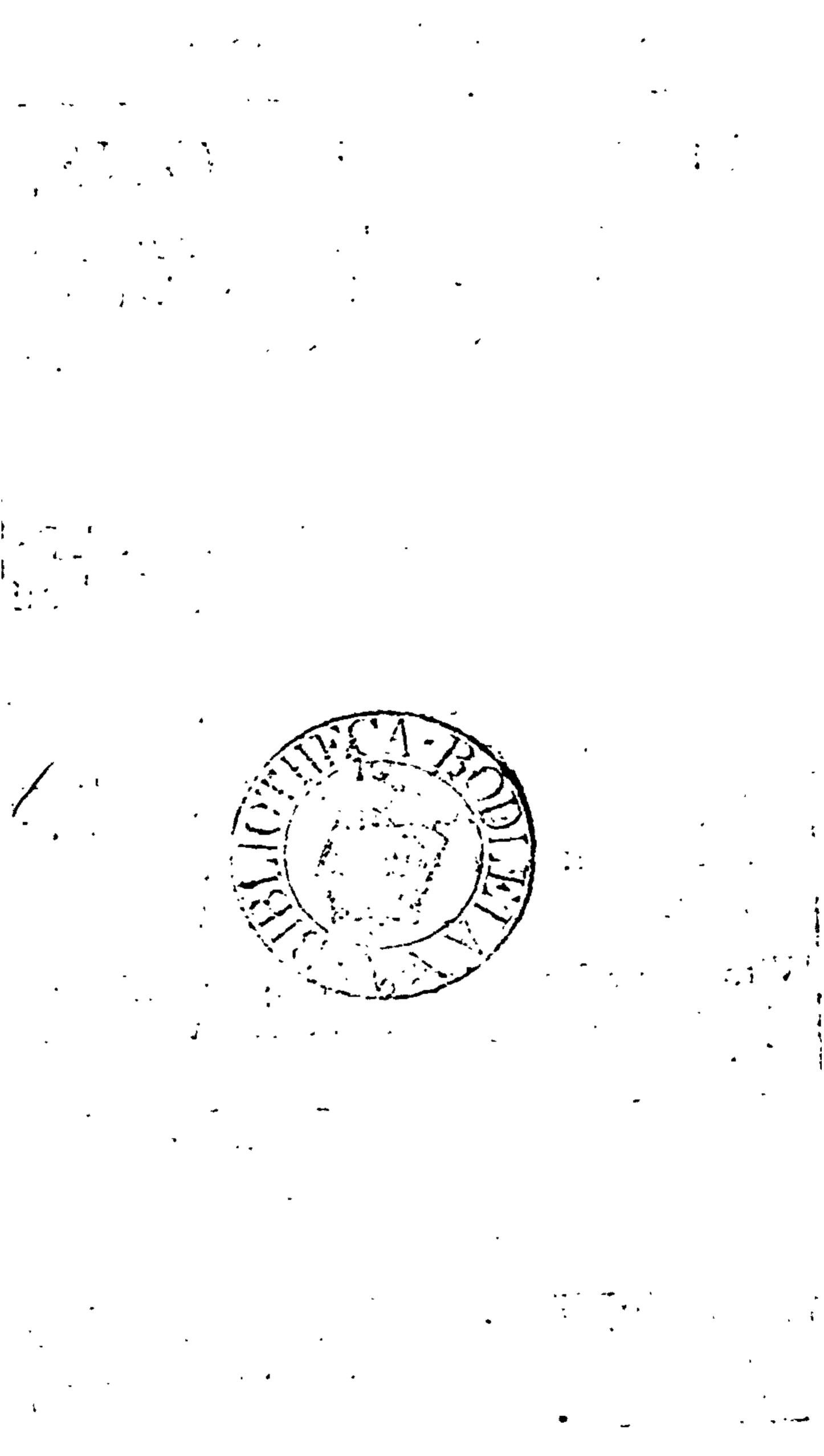
With some Remarkable Things, relating to the Criminal; proper for All to be Informed of.

By Cotton Mather, D.D. and F.R.S.

A& XX. 20.

I kept hack nothing that was Profitable to you.

BOSTON: Printed by T. Fleet & T. Crump, for Samuel Gerrish, on the North Side of the Town-House, in King-Street, 1715



# The OCCASION.

the SERMONS here Exhibited, was an Amazing Instance of what the poor Children of Men abandoned unto Ignorance and Wickedneß may be left unto! A Prodigious Instance of that Hardneß of Heart, which especially the Sins of Unchastity, accompanied with Delays of Repentance, do lead unto.

Margaret Gaulacher, an Irish Woman, arrived the last Winter from Cork in Ireland, a Servant, that soon sound a Place in a Family where she would not have wanted Opportunities and Encouragements for the Service of GOD.

She had been by her part in a Theft brought into Trouble in Ireland; and after her Transportation hither, it was not long before she was found in Thievish Practices.

Ere she had been long here, it was begun to be suspected, that she

was with Child, by a Fornication; But she so Obstinately all along denied it, that at last she must feel the

Effects of her Obstinacy.

She was delivered of her Illegitimate, when she was all alone; and she hid the Killed Infant out of the way; which was within a little while discovered.

Of her Behaviour in the Time of her Imprisonment, and of the Means used for her Good, there is an Account given in our SERMONS.

The Woman was of a very Vio-Ient Spirit; and the Transports and Furies thereof, sometimes were with fuch Violence, as carried in them, one would have thought, an uncommon Degree of Satanic Energie.

By'nd by, she would bewail her Passions, and promise to indulge herself no more in such Passionate

Outrages.

One who owns himself to be a Roman-Catholick, affirms to me, that she privately Declared herself unto him, to be in her Heart, of his Religion.;

ligion; But she never would own any thing of that unto the Ministers who visited her with the Means of her Salvation.

of God, Mr. Thomas Craighead, (a Faithful and Painful Minister of the Gospel, who came from Ireland, much about the same time that she did) having Instructed her, and used many Charitable Endeavours for her Good, was desired by her to be near her at her Execution; who accordingly Pray'd with her there, and continued his Instructions unto the Last.

She said little, but referr'd herself to the Paper which had been read Publickly in the Congregation just before:

And yet she Frowardly let fall one Word, which did not seem very consistent with it; For which fretful Strain of Impatience, being rebuked, she added, Then the Lord be

Merciful unto me! and spoke no more.

All that remains for us to do, is to leave her in the Hands of a Sovereign GOD, whose Judgment, and not ours, has the Disposal of her; and make the best Improvement we can of such a Tragical Spectacle; for which the ensuing SERMONS are some Essays.

But, I ought now if I can, to Refresh my Readers, with something that shall be more Agreeable, more Comfortable; have less to Trouble them; something that may be the Reverse of so shocking a Spectacle, as has here given Troublesome I-

dea's unto them.

Looking among my Reserved Memorials, I find an Excellent Handmaid of the Lord, a bright Candidate of the Heavenly Glory, finishing her Holy Life, in Such Remarkable Circumstances, that I cannot withold a Brief Relation of the Matter.

Some while ago, there died in our Salem, a Gentlewoman whose Name was Mrs. Rin, the Daughter of the Reverend Mr. Skelton, (one of the

Two

Iwo first Ministers, that Illuminated :he First of the Churches in the Massachuset Colony;) A Gentlewoman of Real Piety, and of equal Patience; and one who had been a Disciple of the Cross, and had endured much Affliction, especially by Sickness, with much Submission to the Will of God. Some while before she died, her Valuable Pastor, (the Reverend Mr. Nicholas Noyes,) gave her a Visit, wherein the Holy Minds of both, had their grateful Entertainments. Particularly, she told him; That there had newly appeared unto her, several Shining Persons, who told her, That they were not now come for her, but on that Day six Weekshence, they would come for her, and fetch her away with a Glorious Equipage. And then she immediately asked her Pastor, I pray Syr, what is the meaning of the Word EQUIPAGE? I don't remember that I have heard that Word EQUIPAGE!—— Her Pastor with his usual Wisdom, (tho' wondring at what she said, and pondering it in at what she said, and pondering

in his Heart,) advised her by no means, to build her Hopes, on any Visionary Matters, but have them forever Built on the sure Foundation, which the Covenant of Grace, declared in the Gospel, afforded for them. She gave him abundant Satistaction, that she did so. But yet she kept in an Heavenly Manner, Praying, and Waiting, and Longing, to see her long Six Weeks expired; and precilely at the Expiration thereof, she died.

My Readers, I could not withold this Passage from you; nor torbear observing to you, That a Soul filled with the Love of GOD, and a Pleasure in all possible Obedience and Conformity to the Will of GOD, and a dislike of every thing that may be Displeasing to Him: A Soul that Loves, and Admires, and Adores, the Blessed JESUS, and Believes on him for all Good, and has a perpetual Recourse to Him as the Fountain of Life: A Soul, that is full of Benignity towards all the Children of Men, and cannot harbour the least Envy

or Malice against any Neighbours, no, be they never so Injurious ones, but will delight in seeing, and in serving of their Prosperity: Such a Soul, is very sure of being ere long fetch'd away to the Heavenly World with a Glorious Equipage. Whatever becomes of the Soul, which has never Sweat out the Poison of the Old Serpent, this is a Soul, that may Rejoice in the Hope of the Glory of God.

# Cotton Mather.

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The worst of Plagues; What it is, and How to shun it.

BOSTON: 29 d. III m. 1715.

### Prov. XXVIII. 14.

He that hardeneth his Heart shall fall into Mischief.

Ho can hear these Without an Heart aking at the Hearing of them!

Who can without a Trembling Soul, have the Thunder of these Words in his Ears, and not earnestly Deprecate the Stroke of such a Thunderbolt! Who among us will upon these Words forbear the just Exclamation, Lord, my Flesh Trembles for fear of thee, and I am afraid of thy Judgments!

The Books written by the Inspi-

red'

red Solomon, leem to have those two Titles assign'd unto them. Eccl. XII. 10. Acceptable Words, and Words of Truth. It has been thought by some, That when Solomon speaks of his, Verba Delectabilia, or, Acceptable Words, he may mean his Book of Canticles. And when he speaks of his, Verba Fidelia, or, Words of Truth, he may mean his Book of Proverbs. Behold, One of those Words of Truth, which we are to Believe and Receive, as Laithful sajings, and worthy of all Acceptation.

The Verse before us, is like that Miraculous Pillar, which gave Conduct unto Israel in the Wildernels; It has a Bright side, and a Dark side, belonging unto it. On the Bright side of this Oracle, we see the Shelter, the Safety, the universal Happiness of the Godly Man. Happy is

the Man that feareth alovays.

There is indeed a Fear that is far from any Happinels. Not Happy, but Wretched, the Man who feareth whether the Mercy of God in Christ,

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can be extended unto so great a Sinner as he knows himself to be. Not Happy, but Foolish, the Man, who torments himself with Fears of those Evils, whereto we are Obnoxious in this present Evil World. Not Happy, but Faulty is the Man, who by the Fears of Death spoils the Foys of Life. Not Happy, but Reprehensible is the Man, who lets his Heart sink with Fears that the Church of God shall utterly Sink. When we are in the Covenant of Grace, it will be an unhappy Thing for us to Fear that any one Article of it shall not be fulfill'd unto us. There is also a Constitutional Fearfulness, which is an Unhappiness to them that Labour under it.' But then, Oh! Happy the Man, who has the Fear of God always Governing his Heart and Life. Happy the Man, who never lays aside a Jealous Fear, of Sin, and of the Evils to which he will be exposed by Sin. Happy the Man, who feareth always, lest he be deceived by his own Heart, which is Deceitful above all Things. Happy the

Man, who feareth always, lest this World so Entangle him, as to make him neglect the Affairs of another and a better World. Happy the Man, who feareth always, lest when he has Lovely Things about him, he set his Love too much upon them. Happy the Man, who feareth always, lest he shall give at last, but a poor Account of the Talents whereof he is Accountable.

But now let us take a view of the Dark side, which threatens Mischief and Misery to the Wicked Man. The Character of a Wicked Man is, He hardens his Heart. And the Consequence hereof is, He falls into Mischief.

The DOCTRINE before us will be;

An Hard-hearted Sinner, will find that by Hardening his own Heart, he will get nothing but Mischief and Misery for his Portion.

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There are some Awful PROPO-SITIONS, which we must now attend unto.

#### The First PROPOSITION.

An Hard-hearted Sinner is no unufual Spectacle. Hardness of Heart is a Spectacle too frequently to be seen among the Sinful Children of Men.

But, what is an Hard Heart? And

what are the Symptoms of it?

You know, in general; There is a Metaphor in the Phrase. An Hard Heart is a Soul, that has Dispositions, wherein the Properties of a Stone are answered. The Heart means the Soul; which like the Bowel that we call, The Heart, is within us. Tis our Inner Man. The Hardness of the Heart, is allusive to the Hardness of a Stone. As hard as a Stone, is a Proverbial Speech. An bard Heart has in the: Sacred Scripture this Denomination; Ezek. XI. 19. A Stony Heart. Yea, Tis an Heart compared unto that Stone, which is the most Hard in all the Fossil Tribe; even the Flint.

We read, Zech. VII. 12. They have made their Hearts as an Adamant Stone. The Qualities of a Stone are then to be enquired after. O look Inward; Enquire within; and, Commune with thine own Heart. My Friend, If thy Heart have these Qualities, it is an hard Heart; and it is time for thee to cry out, God be Merciful to me, an Hard-hearted Sinner!

First. An hard Heart, is an Heart very Dull of Understanding in the Word of God; not brought quickly to understand the Truths and Things of Religion. We read; Mar. VIII. 17. Perceive ye not yet; neither understand? Have ye your Heart hardned? Sometimes the Heart of a Man apprehends no more than a Stone, of those Things, which are The Things of our Peace. Tis an hard Heart that is thus Unapprehensive, so Inadvertent. Thus we read, Mar. VI. 52. They considered not, for their Heart was hardened. Many a Man does not consider what the Word of God speaks unto him; not consider what Errand he came into

into the World upon, or how to behave himself in the World; not consider how soon he may go out of the World, nor what will become of him when he is gone out of the World. Alas, the Heart of this Man is hardened. An hard Heart is the same with a slow Heart. We read, Luk. XXIV. 25. O Fools, and flow of Heart to believe. An Heart slow to take in right Notions about the Glory of GOD, the Beauty of CHRIST, the Damage of SIN, and the Reasonableness of Religion; an hard. Heart it is! An Heart that is hard to be instructed in the Affairs of the Kingdom of God. An hard Heart is a Sottiss one. A blind Mind goes with an hard Heart. We read, Joh. XII. 40. He hath blinded their Eyes, and hardened their Heart. O you that sit under the Means of Knowledge, but still remain Souls without Knowledge, and know very little of those Points which to know is Life Eternal; you have the Light shining about you, but not entring into you; no, no more than

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than into a Stone; you have cause to cry out, Oh! the hardness of my Heart! What will become of me!

Secondly. An bard Heart is an Heart not easily impress'd upon; what the Word of God will not easily make any good Impression upon. Sometimes the Word of God makes a Deep Impression upon the Heart; yea, the Heart is Conformed unto the Word of God, as if it were cast into the Mould of it. So we read, Rom. V1. 17. Ye have obey'd from the Heart, that Form of Doctrine subereinto ye subse drawn. This is not an hard Heart; It is an Heart of Wax, rather than an Heart of Stone. But now, an hard Heart. is one, that Hears the Commandments of God, but will take no Notice of them; will not obey them, will not observe them. It hears the Promises of God, but it is not affected with them; the Consolations of God are small unto it. It hears the Threatnings of God, but it is not affrighted at them; it Mocks at the Fear. The great God says; Jer. XXIII. 29. Is

not my Word like an Himm'r, subich breaks the Rocks in pieces. But many an Heart under the Knocks of that Hammer, is never broken by them. The Sinner is earnestly call'd upon, To forlake the ways of Sin; to Embrace his only Saviour; To come into the Covenant of God. He stirs no more than a Stone. The Loud Calls of Heaven are made unto him, to Arise and call upon his God, and set upon the Practice of Prayer, and form unalterable Resolutions of Piety; As Good |peak to a Stone! He is nothing the better, for sitting under the good Word of God. All Counsils, all Rebukes, all Exhortations are thrown away upon him. O hardness of Heart! There is an Heart that will not Conform unto the Word and Will of God; An Inflexible Heart; An Unpliable Heart; An Heart troin which the Demands made in the Word of God have that Return, As for the Word spoken to me in the Name of the Lord, I will not hearken unto it. What shall be said of such an Heart?

We read; Isa. XLVIII. 4. I know that thou art Obstinate; and thy Neck is an Iron Sinew, and thy Brow Brass. An Heart as hard as Iron and Brass. O Hard-hearted Obstinacy! Unperswade ableness is Hard-heartedness. The Children of Unperswadeableness are Hard-hearted ones. We read of An Heart hardened from the fear of God. An Heart that will not be perswaded heartily to Fear God, and Seek Him, and Serve Him; This is an Heart that is Hardened.

Thirdly. An hard Heart is an Infensible one; an Heart that has no Sense, either of Blows given to it, or of Loads lying on it. A Man has the Blows of the Divine Wrath given to him. An hard Heart keeps him Insensible of the Blows. He is Afflicted, but he is not Amended. He is Incorrigible under his Affliction. The Roais employ'd upon him; and yet his Foolighness departs not from him. After his Chastisements, he is as Carnal, as Worldly, as Profane, as he was before. Tho' his Estate be broken, his

Heart is not broken. He meets with Losses one after another; but he has his Heart as much setupon the World as ever it was, and he maintains as little Communion with God as ever he did. It may be said of many People, This People do not Return to him that Smites them, neither do they seek the Lord of Hosts. Is not such an Heart, harder than a Rock? Tis verily 10! A Rock yielded Water, when smitten with the Rod of God and of Moses. Here is a Rock that yields not one Tear of Repentance, tho' the Rod of God hath initten it: We read, Jer. V. 3. O Lord, Thou hast smitten them, but they have not grieved; Thou hast consumed them, but they have refused to receive Correction; They have made their Ences harder than a Rock; They have refused to return. The Man that gets no Good by the Calamities inflicted on him; one who does neither Dilcern the Hand of God, nor Aniwer the End of God, in Calamitous Dispensations; write upon him, This Man has a very hard Heart withing

within him. Again; A Man has the Loads of his own Guilt lying upon him. An hard Heart keeps him Insensible of the Loads. The Curse of the Law, is enough to break the Stoniest Rock upon the Face of the Earth. Yea, He that is the Rock of Ages, becoming a Surcty for us, when the Curse fell upon Him, He cried out, Oh! Let it pass from me; Is Insupportable! The Sinner is under the Curse; and he complains not of it. He is jet in his Sins; and yet he does not cry out, My Iniquities are an heavy Burden, too heavy for me! O' Tis an bard Heart that can lye under unpardon'd Sin, and never lay to Heart, the Sin, and the Folly, and the Danger of it. We read of such a thing as that; I Tim. IV. 2. A Conscience Seared with an hot Iron. The Heart has now a prodigious burdneß upon it. A Man can Sin, and fall into no Remorie, no Sorrow for the Sin. He can go on in Sin, and be wholly unconcern'd, tho' he remain unreconciled unto God. He has a vast. proved on him, and he is to be Judged for them at the Tribunal of God: But he is past Feeling, and goes on to Sin with all Greedings. Most certainly, there is an hard Heart in such a Sinner: Plain, very Plain, the Diagnosticks of the Malady.

#### The Second PROPOSITION:

The Sinner of an hard Heart, is one who hardens his own Heart. He confirms his own Hardness by a prefumptuous Resolution to go on in Sin.

There is a Natural bardings of Heart, which we are all Born withal. The Stone of the Heart is an Hereditary Distemper. But then, there is an Acquired bardness of Heart, which is when Men do Consirm and Augment and Increase their bardness, by going on to Sin with an bigh Hand against the Lord.

We will enquire more Particularly."
When, and How, does a Sinner harden bis Heart?

He does it, Ah! wretched Sinner, Thou doest it, in such Things as

First. A Sinner does Render and Proclaim himself Hard-bearted in Sin, when he has made himself Impudent in it. We read of some; Ezek. III. 7. They are Impudent and Hard-hearted. Where there is a Brown of Braß, there is an Heart of Stone. A Sinner has bardned his Heart, when he has got an hearty Courage for Sin, and is grown to Courageous in it, as that he can Sin Openly, and Publickly. If Men Declare their Sin like Sodom, they hide it not; and it may be said unto them, as in Jer. III. 3. Thou hast a Whores Fore-head, thou refusest to be A-Shained. Confident Creature, If thou hadst not made thyself Hurd-hearted, thou wouldeit be more Ashamed. The hardness of Heart, arrives to a more considerable Obduration, when a Sinner can express a more singular Defiance of the Infinite GOD, in what he does. Those People have hardened their Hearts, of whom the Holy

Holy One may fay, as in Ila. LXV. 3. Tis a People that provoketh me to Anger, continually to my Face. People that can Sin in the special Presence of GOD; People whom the nearest Relacion to GOD will not reitrain from the grossest Impieties; People that will go reeking to or from the Table of the Lord, under the unrclenting Appetites of the vilest Impieties; Church-Members that under a Mask of Religion will carry on a Course of Adulteries, or of Dishoneities. And so have those People, who are so Hardy as to make their Appeals to GOD for the Vindication of their Innocency, when GOD knows the Matters to be Unjust and Untrue, wherein He has been 10 daringly Appeal'd unto. O Hard-bearted Monster; What an bardness of Heart hast thou contracted, in that thou canst say, God knows,—a thing to be so or so, when thou dost thyselt know that it is not so!

Secondly. A Sinner has bardened has Heart in Sin, when he will venture

to Sin, with the utmost Hardines, tho' he has the Light and Voice of his Conscience Reclaiming of him. To be to Hardy in Sin, as to trample on all the Remonstrances of Conscience against it, is to harden ones Heart in Sin. We find it Exemplified; 2 King. XVII. 13, 14. The Lord testisied against them, saying, Turn from your evil Ways: Yet they would not hear, but hardened their Necks. Conscience, the Deputy of God, pleads in his Name with many a Man, Oh! Do not the Abominable Thing! And yet, the Abominable Man will do that Thing. Such a Man has bardened his own Heart unto a Degree that is Horrible! A Sinner hardens his Heart when he omits those Things, whereof his Conscience tells him, This is Commanded of GOD! But he yet more burdens his Heart, when he commits those Things, whereof his Conscience tells him, This rs Forbidden by GOD! It may now be iaid of luch,—what we read, Zech. VII. 12. They have made their Hearts as un Adamant Stone, lest they should hear

the Law, and the Words which the Lord of Hosts hath sent by His Spirit. There are those, that won't forbear Sinning, tho' their Conscience do stand before them with a flaming Sword, as the Angel did before Balaam; and lay, Thy IVay is Perverse before God; The Wrath of God will fall upon thee in this evil Way. O Desperate hardness of Heart! Wherein does the Heart of a Divel differ from it! Foolbardy, Self-bardened Sinner; What wouldest thou do if thou couldest? What less than push an Impotent Stab upon the Almighty GOD Himlelt? What less than stretch out thy Hand against God, and strengthen thysclf against the Almighty, and run upon Him, upon the thick Bolles of His

Thirdly. When a Sinner has an Impenitent Heart, then he has bardened his Heart. Those Things go together; Rom. II. 5. Thy Hardneß and Impenitent Heart. A Sinner does harden his Heart, when he will by no Admonitions be brought home unto

God, from all his Wandrings in the Wilderneß of Sin. A Sinner is told, That Sin is an evil and a bitter Thing. He bardens bis Heart, if notwithstanding this, he will persist in Sin. I-Ie is told, That a CHRIST is the One Thing that is Needful. He hardens his Heart, if a CHRIST and His Great Salvation, be still neglected with him. He is told, That the Ways of Picty are pleasant Ways. He hardens his Heart, if still he remain a Stranger to these Ways. But, Oh! What have I now. brought the Matter to! All that continue in their Unregeneracy, will find themselves included in the Charge. Unhappy Sinners, you itand every one of you all Indisted for this; That you have hardened your own Fleurts: elle you could not be what you are. There is no Unregenerate but what comes under that Unhappiness; Jer. IX. 26. Uneireumeised in Heart. Some that have been opened after their Death, have upon the Disse-Etion had a Stone found in their Heart; a Stone-without a Metaphor:

Ah, poor Unregenerate; Open thy own Heart now while thou art alive. A Stone will be found in that Heart of thine. Thou hast thyself bardened it into a Stone. The Petrifaction is owing to thy own Iniquity.

#### The Third PROPOSITION.

Mischief will be the effect of this. An Hard-hearted Sinner by hardening his own Heart, falls into a Mischief that will render him very Miserable.

But what is that Mischief, which a Sinner by hardening his Heart will fall into?

Truly, All that Mischief which anny Sinner has cause to be Fearing ak.

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To use more of Particularitie.

First. A Sinner by hardening his own Heart, falls into that matchless Mischief, that fearful Mischief, a penal hardness of Heart, Inflicted by the Judgment of God upon him. O Mischief whereto there is none to be equal-

equalled! We read of one, who bardened his own Heart; And anon it came to that; Exod. XIV. 8. The Lord bardened the Heart of Pharach. Tis true, so sar as bardness of Heart is a Sin, the Holy GOD is not the Author and Father of it. We may say, Tis not of the Father. We must say, No Man is tempted of God unto it. And yet there is an active Providence of God about that bardness of Heart, the Mischief whereof a Sinner that bardens his own Heart will fall into [See Psal. CV. 25.]

First. The Holy GOD in His Righteous Providence, withdraws His Grace from the Sinner that hardens his own Heart, and then, O Sinner, what an Horrid hardness of Heart will soon seize upon thee! GOD hardens the Heart of such a Sinner, not, Infundendo Malitiam; no, but, Non Infundendo Gratiam; not by Insufing of Sin, but by witholding of Grace. Tis enough, that it shall be said, as in Deut. XXIX. 4. The Lord hath not given you an Heart. GOD

never

whom

never ow'd His Grace unto a Reprobate Sinner: And the Sinner in hardening his own Heart, Sinfully fleights that Grace. How Justly, how Justly, and Unexceptionably, does the Holy GOD, now deny His Grace unto the Sinner, and leave the Sinner to be filled with his onen ways! But Oh! the wondrous bardness of Heart, which unavoidably follows upon this Dereliction of God! When the Sun withdraws, all Things Harden apace. Men by hardening their own Hearts, do Grieve the good Spirit of God: The Grieved Spirit hereupon withdraws from them: When He withdrawis, their Hearts will barden, how Heinoully, how Hideoully!

Secondly. When a Sinner hardons his own Heart, the Rightcous Providence of an Floly GOD, will cast before the Sinner such Objects, as he shall Abuse to strengthen the bardness of his Heart, how Perniciously, how Exceedingly! As the Potter sets his Clay in the Sun, and it is hardened there; so the great God, before

whom we are, as the Clay before the Potter, And, whom He will, He hardeneth! ] when a Sinner bardens bis own Heart, the great God is provoked then to set him in very hardening Circumstances. Perhaps, the Sinner shall now be bardened, by being left in the Hands of Wicked Company. Among all the Engines of Hell, there is not upon the Face of the Earth a grearer Hardener! Tis from a Dispensation of the Holy God, that the Sinner becomes intimately Acquainted with Company that shall teach him the Arts of Sin, and spur him to the Practice of them; Company that shall instill into him Notions that dispose him to Atheism, and prepare him for all manner of Sin and Blasphemy; Company that shall prejudice him against the Best Men and Things, and so lay the Dark Fetters of Death upon him. So becoming a Companion of such Fools, Sinner, Thy Heart is bardened, and thy Immortal Soul destroy'd. But then, there is another dismal Occa-

sion,

sion which brings an hardness upon the Heart of many a Sinner, which is forever to be deplored. It is in the Scandalous Falls of fuch as have made a tair and high Profession of Christianity. By the Disposal of God, it comes to pass, that when a Sinner has been hardening his own Heart, his Lot shall be cast, where some that every body thought First-Rate Christians, fall into Scandalous, Amazing, Infandous Actions. The Divel knew, what a Game he should play, when he drew those Persons into such Actions! The perverse Use the Sinner makes of what he lees, is to conclude; Well, All Religion is a Cheat. If I do the worst Things in the World, I do nothing, but that in which the greatest Pretenders to Religion' indulge themselves! The Foolish Sinner is now bardened, and the Bars of the Pit are about him sorever!

Thirdly. A Sinner that hardens his own Heart, is by the Rightcous Providence of the Holy GOD, left in the Hand of Satan; And Oh! what

a Satanic Hardness will the Heart of such a Sinner be soon congeled into! Of Impious ones, we read, 2 Cor. IV. 4. The God of this World has Blinded their Minds. Tis the same, who hardens their Hearts. An Ababi 'will be bardened with a Vengeance, 'when the Lying Spirit shall have a Permission for the Seducing of him. An hardened Heart is a seared Heart. But it is the Divel, that brings from Hell, those Hot Irons, by which the Heart of a Sinner comes to be so Hardened and Seared. Anatomical Observations have told us, That the Stone whereof some have died, being opened, a Snake has been found în it. When the Heart of a Sinner is hardened, there is the Old Serpent, in the Stone, to make it so. A Sinner by hardening his own Heart, Invites the Divel to take Possession of it. What the Sinner Invites, that the J-Ioly GOD Permits. Yea, There is a Sentence now passed from the spotless Throne, That it shall be so! But, Oh! What an hard Heart will

hat be, which has the Dive! filling it! Forlorn Amarius, It Satur fill, by Heart, what, what wilt thou come

But then, Finally. When God fudicially gives a Sinner up to bardrest of Heart, what Sin will there be, which the Sinner will not fall into 2' Tis a dreadful Word; LXXXI. 12. I gave them up unto their own Hearts Lust, and they walked in their own, Counsels. Oh! the Snares and Pits into which now their Walk will carry them! The Doom which the Holy GOD now passes on the hardened Sinner, is; He is Unjust, and he shall be, still Unjust. He is Filthy, and he shall be Filthy still! The Sinner is now, lest unto the enslaving Power of Sin; He will now serve diverse Lusts; and he will now stick at no Sin that shall be proposed unto him. Is not here Mischief enough! And an Introduction to all the Mischief imaginable; Mischief surpassing all Imagination! For,

Second.

Secondly. A Sinner by hardening his own Heart, must also fall into all that Mischief, which every Sin, as well as an bard Heart has entail'd upon it. SIN, what is the Wages of it? Our voungest Children have this Instruction given them, as part of the Milk for our Babes; The Wages of Sin is Death. Now, this Death, yea, all of this terrible Death, is what a Sinner by hardening his Heart will fall into: All the Curse due to Sin; all the Wo brought by Sin; all the Wrath to which by Sin the Sinner. becomes obnoxious. Verily, O Hardhearted Sinner, Nothing less than Destruction will be thy Portion; A Destruction from God, if thou were not. horribly Hardened, would be a Terror unto thee. Lo, the Great GOD utters His Voice, and that a mighty Voice, in those Words; XXIX. 1. He that being often Reproved, hardens his Neck, shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without Remedy.

There are Temporal Mischiefs and Ruines, whereto Sinners do by hardening

dening their Hearts in Sin, expose themselves. There is that Word fulfill'd upon them; Ezek. VII. 26. Mischief shall come upon Mischief unto them. Their Sin brings a Mischief on their Estate; It is a Fire that consumes their Substance. It brings a Misschieif on their Esteem: A Wound and a Dishonour do they get by it, and a Reproach that will not be wifed away. It brings a Mischief on their Bodies: God makes them Sick in Smiting thein for it. Spiritual Plagues accompany these Mischiefs. The Sinners plungs themselves into Blindnels, into Madness, into foolists and burtful Lusts. They are given up to vile Affections. They are lett unto the most Sef-undown Follies. They keep Cutting and Weumding themselves among the Moni: ments of the Dead, and there is no Binding of them. It won't be long before the Execution of that Word talls upon them; Rom. 11. 5. After thy Hardness thou treasurest up unto the self Wrath against the day of Wrath. God will e're long break the Heads

of the Hard-hearted Leviathans. e're long, the hardened Heart shall be thrown into the Devouring Fire, and Everlasting Burnings, where, who can dwell? Oh! What Heart can endure a Dwelling there? Ah! Heart ot Sione, e're long thou shalt be thrown between the direful Milstones of the Revenges of God; and how miserably Ground unto Powder there! O the Mischiefs! O the Mischiefs! Othe sore Plagues and of long Continuance, in which an bardened Heart will terminate! The End of it: will be in Miseries that will never have an End!

## APPLICATION.

I. Most certainly, it very much behoves us, to Examine ourselves, Whether we are not Hard-hearted and Self-hardened Sinners before the Lord. Some there are, who have a Lovely. sossines af Heart. It may be said of. them, as in 2 Chron. XXXIV. 27. Thine Heart has been Tender, Shall I find

find out these Heirs of Blessedness? They are those who have a yielding Soul; a Soul ready to jield unto the Demands of GOD; They say, Lord, what wilt thou have me to do? Yea, or to bear? They are afraid of All Sin; troubled at All Sin. The Sins that seem Little to others, are Grievous to them; A vain Word Grieves them; A base Thought Grieves them. To lay no more; They perceive the bardness of their own Hearts; They bewail it; They bemoan it; It makes them cry out, O wretched one that I am! To these Tender-bearted ones there belong the great Consolations of God! Comfort ye, Consfort ye, this my People, sith the Lord. But then there are iome, upon whom a Sinful bardneß of Heart is very. Conspicuous, very Notorious, very Distinguishing. Of these my Context shall direct us to make some Discovery. The Verse before my Text, is, a notable Pallage. He that covereth his Sins shall not Prosper; but whoso confesseth and forsakes them, shall have Mercy. And now,

it follows, He that hardeneth his Heart shall fall into Mischief. Re it now known unto you. If you will retain your Sins, and not confess them, not forsake them, upon those Calls unto Repentance, which you are Entertained withal, you are the Sinners that harden their Hearts. But Oh! what Mischiefs do you lye open to? Concerning the Hearers of our Blessed Saviour, we read; Mar. III. 5. He looked round about on them with Anger, being grieved for the hardness of their Hearts. He now looks round about our Congregation; and where he sees any still going on in their Sins, He says upon them, Oh! The grievous hardness of Heart, which these poor: Sinners are under the power of!

II. But I am now, to Address you, with an EXHORTATION, which I shall bring you in Terms which the Holy Spirit of God has prepared for you; even those Terms; Heb. III. 7, 8. To Day if you will hear His Voice, harden not your Hearts. And, Oh! that the Holy Spirit would this Day set

in, to make this Exhortation become Effectual! O Thou irresistible Spirit of Grace, Do thou break our Hearts, and make us Tremble at all those Things that will harden them.

That our dear People may take a due Course, to be delivered from the Mischiefs of an hardened Heart, let them now hearken to the Counsels of God.

First. Look up to GOD your SA-VIOUR, for so great Salvation. Oh! Pray hard, Oh! Cry hard, unto the God of the Spirits of all Flesh, that He would fave you from an hard Heart, and give you an Heart of Flesh. You have a sweet Promise of such a Blesfling; Ezek. XXXVI. 26. A new Heart will I give unto you, and a new Spirit will I put within you; and I will take away the Stony Heart out of your Flesh, and will give you an Heart of Flesh. O plead so Gracious a Promise; and urge; O my God, Be it unto me according to thy Word; and let a soft Heart be given to me! It is not in Men or Means,

Means, to Soften an hard Heart. As they said of Old, Who shall roll away the Stine from the Door of the Sepulchre? Even 10, may we say, Hho shall take arvay the Stone from the Heart, rebich keeps it Rotting in the Grave of a sinful Estrangement from God? Verily, None but GOD can do such a Thing. Tis a Creating Work. As he said, Create in me a Clean Heart, O God; so must we say, If over I have a soft Heart, O God, it must be of thy Creating in me! He that can change a Stone, into a Child of Abraham, and none but He, can change an Heart of Stone, and rescue a Sinner from the Mischiefs of it. O Hard-hearted Sinner, look up to thy SAVIOUR. Be not so Stoutbearted, as to be always far from this Righteousness!

Secondly. There are Heart-breaking Meditations, which you are to he advised unto; There are Specificks against an bard Heart in the Meditations. Of the Things which are barddened by the Cold and Frost of our Minter, we read; Psal. CXIVII. 18.

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He sendeth out his Word and mesteth them. It might indeed be an Heartbreaking Subject for your Meditations; How Foolishly and Fearfully have I ruined my elf by my Sins against the Glorious God! It might be a yet more Heart-breaking Subject for your Meditations; What a shameful Disingenuity has there been, and how Ungratefully bave I done, in my Sins against the Gloricus GOD? But then proceed, and Meditate on what the Word of God has declared unto you, concerning His Infinite Mercy, ready to Receive and Pardon you after all your Sins. Methinks, the sending forth of this Word, should Melt your Hearts within you. Behold the Heart of your Saviour yearning over you; Behold Him shedding His Heart-Rlood for your Sins; Hear Him calling to you, O poor Sinner, j'et come unto me, and I will not cast thee out. Certainly, to Meditate on fuch a Word, will Melt your Hearts within you. My Friend, What an Heart hast thou, if steeping it in the Blood of thy Saviour dissolve it not!

Lastly. Beware, Oh! Beware of such Things, as will have a Tendency to barden your Hearts; Beware of all Heart-bardeners, and as you love

your Souls avoid them.

Take the Warnings of God If you are in hazard of having your Hearts hardened by the Society of any Ungodly People; Shun them, Fly them, no longer Associate with them; Oh! For sake the Foolish and live. Be warned therewithal, That all Sins against Knowledge are mighty hardeners of the Heart; The oftner you Repeat such known Sins, the more will you harden your Hearts. But no Sins have a more fatal Efficacy this way, than the Sins of Unchastity. Ah! Bewitching Sins, How do you take away the Heart of them that Wallow in you! What Infatuations do they bring upon those that venture on them! When People have once abandoned themselves unto the Sins of Unchastity, with what hardness of Heart will they sleight all the Calls of Heaven, to Reform their

their Evil-doings? With what Stupidity do they go on from one Vileness to another, and wax worse and worse? How Stupidity do they lay aside all Consideration of their own Interest; and become like Bruit Beasts, and anon Perish in their own Corruption! God leaves them; Satan takes them; Nothing will bring them to any Good. When they are in Chains for their Wickedness, even then they will Repeat it, being held in the Chains of their Wickedness.

Of this we have a very Tragical Instance now before our Eyes. One who by hardening her Heart has brought herself into wonderful Mischief; and continues to harden her Heart, after the wondrous Mischief has come upon her like a Whirlwind from the Lord.

Ah, poor Creature; Thou hast been Guilty of many Sins, and Heinous ones. But, Oh! Don't add this to all the rest, this Comprehensive one, this Atrocious one; To bardens

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thy Heart after all, and so to bind all fast upon thy Soul forever.

God has done a dreadful Thing upon thee, in leaving thee to a Crime for which thou art now as one Wicked overmuch, to Dye before thy Time, and e're twenty five Years have rolled over thee, the Sword of Justice with an untimely Stroak must cut thee off. But it will be a much more dreadful Thing, if thou art left after all unto an hard Heart, that will not Repent of thy Abominations, and of thy Bloodguiltines.

Heart exceedingly, Oh! what Things would be seen upon thee; other Things than are yet seen upon thee! Verily, A soft Heart would Mourn and Weep and Bleed, for a Life sweell'd away in Sin against the Glorious GOD. A soft Heart would soon Drown thee in Tears, from the View of the doleful Things thy Sin has brought upon thee. A soft Heart would make thee own the Justice of God and Man in what is

now done unto thee; and would Silence thy Froward and Fretful and Furious Gnashing upon such as thou hast no Cause to treat with so much transported Fury.

It breaks the Hearts of the Good People in the Place, to see thy Deplorable State: They are concerned, when they see thy Lamentable State: But above all, to see, that thou art thyself no more concerned for it; no more affected with it; so little Broken in Heart. And shall not thy own Heart at length be Broken, when thy own State comes into thy Consi-

One once could say, God makes my Heart Soft, and the Almighty Troubles me. And will it not make thy Heart Soft, when thou thinkest on the amazing Trouble, which thou shalt feel from the Wrath of the Almighty GOD, it thou Dye in thy Sins? Verily, All the Sorrows thou seest here, are but the Beginning of Sorrows, if thou art not by a broken Heart prepared for the Salvation of God: E 2 But. Thought is this? Margaret, There is yet Mercy for thee, if thou wilt not by an hard Heart refuse the Mercy; The Mercy, thro' which Rahab the Harlot perished not; The Mercy, thro' which Mary Magdalene had her many Sins forgiven her; This Mercy is ready to do Wonders for thee. A Merciful Saviour Invites thee; O come unto me, and I will do Wonders for thee.

Come and fall down before Him, and beg the Blessings of a soft Heart at His Gracious Hands. I know not of any Advice that can be so Proper, or so Needful for thee, as this; No Prayer of so much Importance to be

made by thee as this.

The Ignorance which lays Chains of Darkneß upon thee, is a fore Encumbrance on thy Essays for turning to God. Yet thou art not so Ignorant, but thou canst make this Petition to thy SAVIOUR. Lord, soften this hard Heart of mine! And, Lord, Bestow a New, and a Clean, and a Soft Heart upon me! And, God be Merciful to me a Sinner; yea, an Hard-bearted Sinner!

Now, May the Gracious Lord accordingly look down upon thee.

The Grand Concern, of Suffering and of Dying People.

BOSTON, 9d. IV m. 1715.

Luk. XXIII. 40.

Dost not thou fear God, seeing thou art under—Condemnation?

calls not only for our Attention, but also for our Astention, but also for our Flesh, becoming Obedient unto the Death of the Cross, that so the Indignities which the sinful Children of Men have by their Sin offered unto the Law of God, might be Expiated by so matchless a Sacrifice! Who can

behold, the Just suffering for the Unjust, and one most Holy, Harmless, Undefiled, separate from Sinners, treated as if He had been the Chief of Sinmers? Who can behold this, and not be Astonished at it? The Justice of the Infinite GOD, never Triumphed so Gloriously! But one signal Article in the Humiliation of our dear Saviour, was the fulfilment of that Prophecy; Isa. LIII. 12. He was numbred with Transgressors. His Adverlaries centriv'd this Ignominy for Him, that there should be Two Capital Offendors Crucified with Him; An Ignominious Infliction, whereof the Pagan Deriders of Christianity, as long after as the Days of Hierocles, made their Advantage. The Criminals, doubtless were not simple Thieves; A Flagellation with Restitution would have been all their Punishment, if Theft had been all their Crime. It seems, as if they had been Robbers and Cut-throats; too dangerous Creatures, to have their Lives indulged unto them. What was done jΩ,

in, and for, and by, one of thele Malefactors, is what will call us to be still Astonished. Of these two Malefactors, wherein some find a Type of those two People, the Jews and the Gentiles; the one continued an obdurate and obstinate Wretch, and as he lived to he died, Abandoned of God. The other became a true Penitent, and an aitonishing Monument, of what the Sovereign Grace of God may do for the worlt of Sinners in the World. He employ'd the last six or seven Hours of his Life on the Cross, at such a rate, that one may see the whole Race of Christianity run in half a Day, and the Ground wonderfully swallowed in a most expeditious Piety. The common Opinion is, That the Grace of God first found him here; and that he came to the Cross, no other than a finished Villain, but was here in his last Moments turned into a Child and Saint of God. But some rather incline to the Opinion, That the Spirit of God, might Visit him,

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and very much Enlighten him, and Rectify him, while he was in the Gaol, none can fay how long before his Execution; and that he might come to the Croß in some degree, furnished with that Principle of Grace, which now broke forth, in its most lively and wondrous Operations. Be it how it will; Here is a Specimen of what Sovereign Grace may do, for a Sinner in the last Moments of his Life; yea, of what Sovereign Grace may do for a Malesactor who dies on the Gallows!

The first Effort, which we see of the Divine Principle, in the Soul of this Penitent, is, His Rebuke upon his Fellow-sufferer. He saw and heard the Outrages of the Monster; he beheld his Outrageous Affronts unto the Glorious Redeemer, whom his own Soul now Gloristed as the Son of God, and the Raiser of the Dead; and he Faithfully and Zealously Rebukes him for his Behaviour, wherein he proclaimed that the Fear of God was horribly wanting in him.

An.

An Ingenious Man some Ages ago, wrote a Learned Book, about, The Metamorphosis of an High-way Man into an Apostle. And he brings in Christians, like Bees, gathering of Delicious Honey, from the Flowers growing in the Field, which the History of the Penitent Thief affords unto us. Christians, you are this Day to join with me in that Employment. Here is Honey out of the Rock!

I have read a Rhetorical Flight, calling this Penitent Thief, The Firstborn among the Children of a Crucified Saviour. I do not wonder, that I find Chrysostom calling him, A Prophet; and Athanasius calling him, An Evangelist. It is indeed a very Remarkable Thing, That when our Saviour was forsaken of all His Disciples, and when He had not one left in the World openly to appear for Him, a Converted Thief is imploy'd as a Preacher of His Glories. Ab! Lord, Rather than there shall be none to Preach. thy Glories, there shall be Instruments called

called for that Work from Quarters that none could have imagined! The Cross itlelf shall be so far from stopping the Preaching of the Gospel, that you shall find it admirably done from the very Croß itself. You are now to hearken unto a Sermon preached from the Croß. Never had there been such a Sermon heard from such a Pulpit before; Never such a Preacher! A Thief turn'd into a Saint. A Frisoner turned into a Minister; into a sort of an Apostle. A Bloody Enemy of God, become the only Believer and Confessor of His Christ, openly. appearing in the World. Oh! the wonderful Changes wrought by the Grace of our God! Methinks, an extraordinary Matter, may be expected from luch an extraordinary Preacher. You may look to be Entertained with something that shall be well: worthy of your Observation.

Behold, a Sermon preached unto a Malefactor, a Poor, Blind, Hardened Malefactor under Sentence of Death, yea, now arriv'd unto the last Mo-

ments

Moments of his Life under the Execution of the Sentence. 'Tis preached by one, who had been Guilty of the same Crimes; but was come unto the Repentance, which would assure the pardoning Mercy of God unto him. They that begin to Fear God themselves, are sollicitous to bring others unto the Fear of God; but none more, than such as have been Wicked with or like themselves; none so much as their Companions in Wickedness. Our Penitent here, commends unto his Dying Brother, the only Thing that can secure the Welfare of a Soul after Death; prosure a Safety to a Never-dying Soul; and Reproves his want of that Thing. Tis, The Fear of God.

The DOCTRINE which I am now to give you, is;

As the RELIGION which brings to SALVATION, is to FEAR GOD; so 'tis a Grievous Thing for People in a Suffering Time, and a yet more Dread-

Dreadful Thing for People in a Dying Hour, to be without the FEAR OF GOD.

I. The first observable Thing that now occurs unto us, is; That Real, Vital, Saving RELIGION does consist in the Fear of God; A Religious Fear of the Glorious God.

The Thing which the Convert Inculcated on his Friend under Condemnation, is, All that Religion, which will bring unto Salvation. The Term used for it, is, The Fear of God. The Censure due to a Man of no Reli-

gion, is; Thou dost not Fear God.

There are some general Expre-Mive, and Instructive Terms, by which the Whole of Practical Religion is described unto us. It is called, The Love of God, a Trust, an Hope, a Delight in Him, a Seeking of God, and a Calling on Him. It is called, Conversion, and Repentance, and Newness of Life, and, A good Conversation in Christ, and, A patient Continuance in Welldoing. Oh! Make a Tryal of yourselves by these Discriptions of Religion; Try, See, Find, whether the Experience of such Things will Entitle you to the Denomination of Truly Religious.

But, the Fear of God, is one of those notable Terms. And now, Come ye Children who would Proteis Religion, and be found the truly Religions Children of God; I will teach you what is that Fear of God, which

is demanded of you.

First. In true Religion, the Fear of the Divine Displeasure, whereto all Sinners are obnoxious, drives a Man unto the JESUS, who saves His People from their Sins. The Fear of God contains in it, a Fear of His Difflea-Jure, to which we are by Sin become obnoxious. One that has the Fear of God, can fay, Lord, My Flesh tremble's for fear of thy Displeasure, and I am an fraid of the Judgments to which my Sin exposes me. But so far the Divels themselves may go; They Trembie; worse than Divels they who do not so! But the Fear wherewith we are

to be moved, must put us upon doing what we are to do, that we may be Saved. It must cause our Flight unto the only SAVIOUR. This is the Fear of God in the right Notion of it. Thus you have been taught it in Psal. CXLVII. 11. The Lord taketh Pleasure in them that fear Him, that hope in His Mercy. It is the MES-SIAH of God, in and by whom His Mercy reaches us. A Fear without Hope of that Mercy, is the Despair of them that are cast into outer Darkness. The Fear which Awakens and Animates our Flight unto that Mercy, is the Fear of God in the True, Clear, Grand Operation of it.

Ah, Soul tallen from God' Thou must see thyself by thy Sin lying open to the Anger of God! A strange Punishment waiting for thee, O worker of Iniquity. Hearken to this. Destru-Kion from God must be a Terror to thee; Thou hast cause to be terribly Distressed in the Apprehensions it. In this Distress, a Glorious CHRIST is to be set before thee, as

thy only Saviour! A JESUS, who Delivers from the Ilitath to come. "Fis requisite, that thou fly unto thy JE-SUS as thy only Refuge. Look unto the Sacrifice of thy JESUS for thy Propitiation. Look unto the Righteousness of thy JESUS, for thy Justification. Put thyself under the Conduct of thy JESUS, that thou mayit be brought unto Life Eternal. This is the Fear of God. Here, here is true Religion. Unto one who does this, there shall be fulfilled that Word; Mal. IV. 2. Unto you that fear my Name, shall the Sun of Righteousness erise, with Healing in his Wings. Truly, They that Fear the Name of God, are they that have their Eye to the Sun of Righteoufnels, and get under the shadow of His Wings, for the Healing of all that is amils in their Condition. Gloriously this Fear of God, thining in our Convert on the Cross. Dost thou fear God, O Regencrate Soul? Yes, Thy Looks towards His JESUS to be thy Saviour; thele declare thy Fear of God.

Second-

Secondly. In True Religion, the Religious Fear of Simning against God Restrains and Governs the Soul and makes every Sinful Thing, a Fearful and an Hateful Thing unto the Soul. When the Fear of Sin Reitrains and Governs the Mind exceedingly, then the Man Fears the Lord exceedingly. The Fear of Sin, is a main Ingredient in the Fear of God. We read. Prov. VIII. 13. The fear of the Lord is to hate Evil. The Man who Fears God, is one who shuns Evil; one who has an Horror of SIN, as the worst Evil. Whatever fuch a Man takes to be a Sin, he is afraid of it; he would not be more afraid of a Fiery Furnace. A Temptation to Sin, is rejected by such a Man, with a vast Abhorrence of it.

The Fear of Sin in True Religion, issues from an Awe, and an awful Sight which a Believer has of some Things that are not feen.

First; The Presence of GOD, is Awful to a Man that Fears Him. The Fear of God will make a Man

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Realize the Eye of God. One that Fears God, is under the Power of this Apprehension; O Lord, Thou art acquainted with all my ways: O Lord, There is not a Word in my Tongue, but thou knowest it: O Lord, Thou knowest my Thoughts afar off. This makes him afraid of every Sin; afraid of even the most Secret Sin. If a Sinful and Vicious or Foolish Thought break into his Mind, he is afraid of affording it a Lodging there. An Omnipresent GOD, is much Considered, much Reverenced, by the Man that Fears Him. Such an one may say, I have set the Lord always before me. He Labours, he Watches, he Wilhes, That he may behave himself alway. as before the Lord.

Again; The Judgment of GOD is Awful to such a Man. The Fear of God assures a Man of a Judgment to come; and it makes him Tremble at the Apprehension of being Pronounced, Guilty, in that Judgment. The time of the Dead, when they shall be Judged, is the Time, when a Re-

54 avard shall be given to them that Fear God. They that Fear God, have their Eye much on the Time, when the Dead shall be Raised and Judged, and on the Reward which is then to be given to the Children of Men. One that Fears God, is very Thoughtful of the Day, when we must every one stand before the Judgment Seat of Christ; the Day when God will bring every Work into Judgment. The Dread of this Day, is to luch a Man, The Terror of the Lord. His great Study is, Oh! That in the Day of God, I may give up my Account with Foy, and not with Grief! Oh! That I may do nothing that may prove to my Disadvantage in the Day when I give up my Account unto God! The Fear of God is not in the Man, who is not so disposed, so affected. I am sure, in the Convert on the Cross, these things were very

Thirdly. True Religion, which Fears God, will Religiously and Con-Icienciously endeavour to Serve God.
The Worshippers of GOD, are called, Thole

Those theat fear Him. The Worship and Service of GOD, is called, His Fear. We read of one, Act. X. 2. He was a Devout Man, and one that feared God, and prayed unto God always. The Fear of God will put a Man upon all the Devotions of a Godly Life. The Fear of God will bring forth Prayer to God: Secret Prayer, Private Prayer, Public Prayer; All Prayer with Perseverance in it. When Men cast off this Fear, then they restrain Prayer. The Fear of God, will fill the Life of a Man with Work for God. It will make a Man Abound in the Work of the Lord. It will make a Man Diligent in the Work of both His Callings, the Spiritual and the Temporal. Continual Acknowledgments of God, are in the Endeavour of the Man that Fears Him. We are so called upon; Prov. XXIII. 17. Be thou in the fear of the Lord all the Day long. Tis done in our conformity to that Rule of Piety, Acknowledge the Lord in all thy Ways. This Fear of God will bring a Man to that Perswasion, I have to do

with God in every Thing. And from so sweet a Root, as the Fear of God, there will issue and flourish a Love to Man. The Fear of God will make a Man asraid of doing or wishing any Hurt unto his Neighbour; It will make him contrive to be a Blessing in his Neighbourhood; It will make him a Good Man, and a Doer of Good. This, this is to Fear God.

But certainly, you can scarce hear these Instructions, without expecting two Things to be immediately pres-

sed upon you.

First. O view yourselves in this Impartial Glaß, and see what you are. Try and see, whether you have the Fear of God in you, or no. It was enquired; Psal. XXV. 12. What Man is he that fears the Lord? Let every one of us make the Enquiry, Am I the Man that fears the Lord? Let there be no such Token of Death upon us, as may give Cause for our being so questioned thereupon, Dost not thou fear God? Examine, Whether upon the Question, you can say, Yes, I

prize CHRIST, I hate Sin, I walk with GOD, and Labour to please Him. Oh! be not at Rest until you come to

Secondly. You see, and, Oh! will you not seek, a Blessing of which you have cause to be exceedingly, unspeakably desirous. 'Tis, The Fear of God: A Man cannot infuse the Fear of God into his own Heart. It is the Grace of GOD. Oh! Let us make our Supplication to GOD, for this Grace. If any of you lack this Wisdom, this Beginning of Wisdom,— Let him Ask it of God. It was an hopeful Character of some; Neh. I. 11. Thy Servants who desire to fear thy Name. Oh! may all of you come into it; and make that Petition, O Great GOD, Let there be an Heart in me to fear thee! 'Tis a Petition to be made Importunately, to be made Continu-

II. The Second observable Thing which we have before us, is; That when People who suffer Evil Things, continue to do Evil Things, it argues

that the Fear of God is wanting in them. Oh! Grievous Thing! Did the Sun ever look upon a more Grievous Thing! Ah, Forlorn Soul, wherein such a Grievous Thing shall be exemplified! When a poor Man Condemned unto various and grievous Miseries, went on in Gross Misearriages, and the Croß itself would not make him turn unto God, this procured that Righteous Reproof unto the miserable Creature, Dost not thou fear God? It shew'd great Want of the Fear of Ood.

Let us a little Inform ourselves,

First. Some that suffer very sad Things, do not Reform the Sins, which have brought their Sufferings. It may be said of some, as in Jer. V. 2. O. Lord, Thou hast Consumed them; but they have refused to receive Corre-Etion. Our Afflictions come to 115, with a Message from God. The Mestage, and Language of them, is; Oh! Repent of thy Way, and of thy Doings, ubich have procured these things unto thee;

thee; Of the Wickedness, which has procured thee all this Bitterness. Yet many Afflicted ones there are, whose Afflictions do not bring them to Repentance. Their iniquity is not thereby, Purged, and the Fruit thereof is not the taking away of their Sin. The Duty. they Omitted before their Afflictions, tho' they are Afflicted, yet they continue in their Omission of it. The Trespass they committed before their Afflictions, tho' they are Afflicted, yet they continue in their Commission of it. Tho' they have born Chastisement, they are not Inquisitive what those Offences may be, for which they have been Chastised; and they do not say, What is meet surely to be said unto God, I will not Offend any more. Tho' the Holy One have Stricken them for their Sinning against Him, yet they are not more afraid of Sinning, than formerly. Tho' God by vering them with all Adversity, make it an Evil World unto them, yet they are not more weaned from the Love of the World. Tho' they have an Afflicted Life, yet they do not lead a more Prayerful, a more Fruitful, a more Heavenly Life; a Life of more Communion with God. Tho' the Rod be Employ'd upon them, yet they do not Hear the Red. They have their Croß, but no Peaceable Fruits of Righteousness growing upon it.

Secondly. Some who Sinned before they Suffered, fall into New and more Sins, after their Sufferings. Evil Men svax svorse and svorse under those Things, which they should have grown Better upon. We read of luch an Incurable; 2 Chron. XXVIII. 22. In the time of his Distress, did he Trespass yet more against the Lord. There are many Fools, who because of their Transgressions, and because of their Iniquities, are Afflicted. And yet they add new Transgressions, and add new Iniquities, unto the old Score of their Enormities; This they do after their Afflictions. They have Sinned, and they have Smarted; And, for all this they have Sinned still; and they have added

added new Sins unto the vast Heap of their Provocations; and been more Sinful, in further Out-breakings, and Outrages of Impiety. 'Tis especially thus, when People do like the Wicked Thief on the Cross, Blasshheme God under their Afflictions; When they are full of Discomtent, full of Impatience, full of Murmuring under their Afflictions; full of Envy against those who do not endure the like Afflictions; When they take Indirect Courses to escape their Afflictions, unlawful Methods to abate their Afflictions. That ever the World should have such Monsters in it!

Thirdly. Such Incorrigible ones, discover themselves to be destitute ot the Fear of God. We may on this occasion say that in Psal. XXXVI. r. The Transgression of the Wicked saith within my Heart, There is no fear, of God before his Eyes. The Charge may be very plainly proved upon them. First. If we see Sufferings upon other

Him, and improve in all Goodness,

People, God expects that we Fear

upon luch Admonitions. Thus we read; Zech. III. 7. I have cut off the Nations, I said, Surely thou wilt feat me, thou wilt receive Instruction. Surely then, if we do not receive Instruction From Sufferings upon ourselves, 'tis plain, that we do not Fear God. When others are Scourged, God expects that ave should all Hear and Fear, and no more do Wickedly. Surely then, if they that are under the same Condemnation, go on to Sin under their Scourges, these do not Fear God. There can be no doubt of this!

Secondly. They who get no Good by their Sufferings, forget that they have to do with God in their Sufferings. Were People sensible that God sends their Sufferings on them, and comes looking for the Fruit of His Dilpensations, they would certainly get some Good by them. We read, Job V. 6, 8. Affliction comes not forth of the Dust, neither doth Trouble spring out of the Ground.— I would seek unto God. Were we sensible, that we have to do with an Higher than all Second

·Cause!

Causes in our Sufferings, they would certainly bring us nearer to God. But now, if Men cast off the Sense of God, it is plain, they also cast off the Fear of God. It is undoubtedly

Thirdly. They that are Incorrigible Sinners under Sufferings, are unquestionably Unconverted Sinners. We read; Pial. CXIX. 71. It is good for me, that I have been Afflicted, that I might learn thy Statutes. It is then good for us that we have Suffered any Humbling Things, when we are quickened in and by our Sufferings, to Learn, and to Love, and to Do the Statutes of God. There is a true Conversion to God, in doing so. Under Sufferings, to be brought into the Frames, and unto the Rules of a New Creature; under Sufferings, to be brought into the Covenant of God, and of His Grace, and unto a conient unto all the Articles of it; under Sufferings, to Embrace a Precious CHRIST, in all His Offices, for and with all His Benefits; And under G2 SufSufferings to have all Sin rendred A-bominable to us; This is to get Good by Sufferings. But they who are Strangers to these things, are Unconverted Sinners. And all Unconverted Sinners, are Strangers to the Fear of God. Unto every Unconverted, and Unregenerate Soul, Thou hast fursaken the Lord thy God, and my Fear is not in thee, saith the Lord God of Hosts. This cannot be questioned.

Lastly. Sinners Incorrigible under Sufferings, proclaim themselves without Fear that the Justice of God, may yet bring more heavy Sufferings upon them. They make a Fearless, Darring, Hardy Challenge to the Justice of God. God threatens them who are Incorrigible under their Sufferings, at that rate; Lev. XXVI. 23, 24. If ye will not be Reformed by these Things, then will I Punish you jet seven times more for your Sins. God will go on, Punishing the Incorrigible Sinner, and Multiplying His Plagues upon him, until he has destroy'd the Sinner wondersully. God will go on still in His Inflictions, it the Sinner will go on still

in his Trespasses. Yea, 'Tis the tremendous Commination of God; After thy Hardness and Impenitent Heart, O Incorrigible Sinner, thou shalt find thou hast been treasuring up Wrath against the Day of Wrath, and thy woful Portion will be in the Perdition of Ungodly Men. But, the Incorrigible are not atraid of what a just God will do unto them. No, you Wretches, whole Heart-strings are Sinews of Iron, you Fear it not! This fully proves the Indistment, That the Malefactors have not the Fear of God before their Eyes.

These Things cannot well go off, without this Direction unto us. My Brethren, Give this Demonstration, that you have the Fear of God; Having suffered Evil Things, do not persist, Oh! no longer persist, in Doing any Evil Things. Be prevailed withal, to make this Use of all your Sufferings. Consider, What is the Errand which the Affliction I now suffer is come upon? Make that Request unto God; Job X. 2. Shew me wherefore thou com-

tendest

tendest with me. But then, Repent, Oh! Repent of the Miscarriages, which have procured luch a Suffering for you. It is a memorable Word; Rev. III. 19. As many as I Love, I Rebuke and Chasten; be Zealous therefore, and Repent. Christians, If you grow more Zealous of all good Works, and Repent of all your Evil Works, there has been the marvellous Love of God, in Rebuking and Chastening of you. Conform to the Will, Comply with the Call, of Him, who sends all your Sufferings, as His Messengers, upon you. Be Sollicitous for nothing so much as this; Oh! that my Sufferings may not be lost upon me! This will Demonstrate, That you Fear God. And, O Lord, How great is thy Goodness, which thou hast laid up for them, who so do Fear

III. The Third observable Thing, in which the Sound of the Trumpet is to wax yet Louder and Louder unto us, is this: 'Tis a Dreadful Thing for any one to Dye without the Fear of God.

Why

Why was the Convert so much in Earnest, that his poor Friend might have in him the Fear of God? Why, He was just a Dying. He was to Dye that Afternoon. If he Dy'd before he had the Fear of God wrought in him, he must pass into a very Bad Condition after Death. Had it not been 10, to what purpose had it been so earnestly to inculcate the Fear of God upon him! Truly, If any Man Dye, before he have a Soul Impregnated, Rectissed, Purisied, by the Fear of God, the least that can be said, is; It had been good for that Man, that he had never been Born. If the Life of a Man come to an end, before the Fear of God has begun to Regulate his Life, his Death will bring a dreadful Change upon him. Tis a teartul Thing for a Soul to go out of the World, not marked with the Fear of God for Blessedness in another World. Never, never was there heard a more Astonishing Thunderclap, than that Word; Joh. VIII: 24. Te shall Dye in your Sins. This, this will be the Fate

of them, who Dye without the Feat of God. They Dye in their Sins, and their Death is a Trap-door, that lets them down into horrible Miseries.

The Pulpit must now become a Sinai. And since you are now to stand before a Flaming Mountain, Be afraid, O ye Sinners in our Zion; Let Fearfulness also Surprize you, O ye Hypocrites thereof. I am to tell you;

First. The Future State will be a Dismal State unto them, whose Death finds them in ill Terms with God. We have all possible Assurance, that after Death Men pass into a Future State. After Death a Judgment. A Redeemer, who by Rising from the Dead, asserted Himself to be the Eternal Son of God Incarnate, has affured us of it. The Future State, as it will be Inconceivably Happy to some, so it will be Unutterably Doleful to others. It will have such a Distribution as that; Matth. XXV. 46. The Wicked shall go arvay into ever-lasting Punishment; but the Righteons

into Life Eternal. Particularly; There are some, who at their Death have their Spirits turned among Divels: One may almost say, turned into Divels. They are confined unto very uneasy Contusions: Rueful Chains of Darkness are laid upon them. They Languish under the amazing Terror of a Wrath to come; a Fiery Indignation that shall one Day Devour thense He will one Day Raise them from the Dead: But it will be, that He may inflict a Second Death upon them; and a Death which will have in it, a Torture suitable to the Demerit of their Offences: A Torture whereto all the Racks and Fires here, are but Metaphors. A Guilty Conscience will remain in their Spirits, and the Wrath of God therewith forever Torturing of them. Thus, even thus, the Enemies of God are to be dealt withal.

Secondly. The People whose Death finds them without the Fear of God, are such as Dye in ill Terms with God: And, Oh! What, what will the Future State be unto them! We read;

Psal.

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Psal. XC. 11. Who knows the Powe of thine Anger? Even according to the Fear, so is thy Wrath. Men shall be treated by the Wrath of God, according to the Fear of God which there has been in their Souls. By the fear of God Men get from under His Wrath. But if they are without the fear of God, they have His Wrath for ever abiding on them. For,

First. If People Dye without the fear of God, they Dye Unpardoned: And this Entails the formidable Wrath of God upon them. We read; Plal. CIII. 11, 12. Great is His Mercy towards them that fear Him. He removes our Transgressions from us. But if People do not fear God, their Sins are lying on them, sticking to them; m one of a Thousand, alas, not one of their many Thousands, removed from them. The Wrath of God therefore falls upon the Man, who Dies with out the fear of God. He is not at Peace with God, and so he can't avoid the Wrath of God. But, Oh! How dreadful a Thing to fall under the Wrath

of the LORD GOD ALMIGHTY! How fearful a Thing to full into the Hands of the Living God! The Wrath of God sometimes lays People under incredible Tornents in this World. But undoubtedly, the Tormenting Blows and Scalds, which the Wrath of God will give unto the Children of Wrath in the World to come, will exceed all that is ever seen in this World. Oh! Never yet were those unsearchable Treasures of Wrath so broken up, that any People alive upon Earth, have had a full Display thereof. But there is this Terror of the Lord added unto the dismal State of a Sinner lying under this Wrath; We know no Period of it! The Lamentations will not be, All our Days are palled away under thy Wrath. No, The Days will Never, Never, Never be All passed away. Nor will they be Days neither. They will be Nights rather than Days. Tis all utter Darkneß. There will be Blackness of Darkness torever. O Dreadful! To be Exiled from GOD! And with an everlast-

ing Exile! To be made Vellels of Wrath, wherein the Wrath of God against Sin, shall hang up Everlasting Monuments and Spectacles! This is the Portion of them who Dye without the fear of God: This the Heritage of them who do not get into the Favour of God before they Dye.

Secondly. If People Die without the fear of God, they Dre with a Venemous Nature still unchanged; and so they carry an Eternal Fuel for the Wrath of God into Eternity with them. We read, Rom. VIII. 7. The Carnal Mind is Enmity against God. Until the fear of God come into the Mind, the Sinner has a Carnal Mind that remains uncured in him. Now there is no prospect for the Cure of that Carnal Mind, when a Sinner is fallen under the Revenges of God, for his Enmity. No, He that is Unjust will still be Unjust; and he that is Filthy will be Filthy still. A perpetual Enmity to God is then rivetted into the Mind of the Sinner; Never, never to

be gotten out. But what will be the

Consequence of this Enmity? It must needs make the Future State a very Dismal one. A perpetual Enmity to God, must needs involve the sinful Wretch in a perpetual Wretchedness. No Comfortable Visions of God can be allow'd unto him, whom God counteth fer His Enemy. Continual Rebukes from God, will be thunderect upon him. Irregular Passions will keep his Enraged Soul in a perpetual Storm. His Desires will never be gratified, but be always creating of Troubles unto him. He will Hate God, and God will Vex him; and the Vengeance of Heaven will be perpetually Triumphing over him. This 'tis to Dye without the Fear of God: This must they look for, who Dyc without Wildom.

And now, Oh! the Importunity, the Fervency, the Energy, which the EXHORTATION should be urged withal!

See to it, O all ye People, every one of jou, See to it, That you Dre not

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without the fear of God, and, Alienated from the Life of God.

My Hearers, We are every one of us all, under a Condemnation of Death. Know you not? Alas, you are obliged every Day to see the Execution of it; It is appointed unto Menonce to Dye. The irreversible Sentence is gone out from the Mouth of God; So Death has passed upon all Men, for that all have Sinned.

What? My Friend, Under this Condemnation, and not Fear God! O our Dying People,— And I Address every one of you all, under that Appellation; O our Dying People, Why will you Dye, and not get the Fear of God into your Souls before you Dye?

First. There are None of you, but for ought you know, may Dye very Speedily, yea, may Dye very Suddenly. Unto the Youngest and unto the Strongest of you all, and unto them that are most ready to put far away the Evil Day, it may be said, as in Prov. XXVII. 1. Boast not of To

Morrosv, for thou knowest not subat a
day

Day may bring forth. Children, It highly Concerns every one of you, to Retire this very Evening, and Commune with your own Hearts, and ask, Hive I yet attained unto the fear of God? — Ask, Is my Soul yet Reneaued with the fear of God? And send up your Cries from the Duit unto the Lord; Even those Cries; Plat. LXXXVI. 11. Lord, engage my Heart to fear thy Name. You are not lure that you have one Week more to Live. Tis Time to lay hold on a Mercy, for the ensuring whereof you are not fure of having any more Time allow'd unto you.

Secondly. There are Some of you, who know, that you are just going

to Dye.

Aged People surely cannot but know this. I am therefore to fay unto you; An Aged Person without the fear of God, Oh! 'Tis one of the most Melancholy Sights that can be look'd upon. What? Fast Fifty, and come to the Use of Glasses, and flying down to the Grave, with the Haste of an Eagle

But of those who are sure of having the Arrest of Death presently served upon them, there is none that has a more affecting Assurance of it, than a poor Daughter of Death, who is this Asternoon to have her Soul Required of her. Ah! poor Creature! Dost not thou fear God, seeing thou art under a Condemnation, to a Tragical Death which is to be this Asternoon executed on thee; and within three or four Hours, thy Soul will be Required of thee; within three or four

Hours

Hours thy Soul must make its Appearance before a Terrible GOD! Oh! What, what will be the Condition of that Perishing Soul, if no Fear of God be found in it, when it

Appears before Him?—— There is indeed a vast Abundance even to a Profusion, of Instructions, bestow'd more Privately on such Malefactors as Dye among us: No Place upon Earth does equal this Place for that Exercise of Charity. And this poor Creature has had a very particular Share thereof: Not only have the Ministers of the Gospel done theix Part, in Visiting of her, but also many Private Christians have done theirs, in a most Exemplary manner. As of old in Jerusalem it was the Usage of the Ladies, to Prepare for the Dying Malefactors, that Potion which was called, The Wine of the Condemned, so the Young Gentle-Women here in their Turns, have

Charitably gone to the Prison every Day for diverse Weeks together, and

because of her not beingable to Read,

have spent the Asternoons in Reading Portions of the Scriptures, and other Books of Piety, to this Condemned Woman, and giving their Excellent Counsils unto her. Nevertheless, we chuse in a more Publick way also to direct a sew Words of our Sermons, unto such Persons, when we have them among our Hearers; Because, the Preaching of the Gospel, is the Grand Ordinance of our Saviour, for the Conversion of a Sinner from the Error of his way; and we would wait upon our Glorious LORD, in that way which he has Ordained, hoping, still hoping, to see a Soul saved from Death!

Wherefore once more, O miserable Woman, entring into an Eternity to be trembled at; Once more, thou shalt hear the forful Sound of the Gospel, inviting thee to the Fear of God, and the Fiith of thy only Saviour. And if there be not in this Last Essay, a more saving Impression from the Glorious Gospel of the Blessed God made upon thee, than thou hast yet telt from any former ones,— Oh: the dreadful, dreadful Consequences! What will become of thee!— Can thy Hands be Strong, or can the Heart endure, in the View of what a Terrible GOD will order for thee?— Behold, Ah! poor Margaret, Behold a mighty Congregation of People, with Hearts Bleeding for thee, and-Willing and Praying and Longing to ice the fear of God making some Discoveries in thee. And shall thy Heart still remain unaffected with thy own Condition; discovering still a total Estrangement from the fear of God! No Tears are enough, Tears of Blood were not enough, to be employ'd on so prodigious a Spectacle!

I am forry, I am forry, that I find mylelt obliged so much to speak it. Even since thou hast been under Condemnation, thou hast not feared God-Not many Flours are passed, since I law in thee, io much Rage, and lo Unrighteously harboured, and so Indecently Vomited, against some Verthous Children of God, that it was too Evident, this fear of God had not

yet begun to soften thee.

But if the fear of God enter not into thy Soul, before thy Soul be driven out of thy Body, which will be now,—alas, before many Minutes more be expired, thy Desolate, For-saken, Miserable Soul, can have no part in the Kingdom of God. My Soul cannot be safe, if I forbear to tell thee so!

Ah, poor Creature, Art thou wiling to Dye unreconciled unto the God, whom thou hast Affrented with infinite Provocations? To Dye, and fall into the Mouths of Dragons, who have so long poisoned thee, and enslaved thee? To Dye and be cast into the Eternal Burnings, from whence the Smoak of the Torment will ascend forever and ever? What? Shall all the Means of Good, which in a Religious Place have been used for thee, with hopes that they might find out one of the Elect of God, serve only to aggravate thy Eternal Condemna-

demnation at the last? Oh! Dreadtul Consideration!

But, Oh! Be Astonished at it! There is yet a Door of Hope set open for thee; It will for one Hour it may be, stand open yet! Oh! Be full of Astonishments at such an Fleart-melting Declaration, as is now to be made unto thee. A Compassionate SAVIOUR, is yet willing, to Cleanse thy Soul with His Blood, from the Sins, which by casting off the fear of God thou hast fallen into; yet willing to create in thee a Clean Heart, that shall be filled with the fear of God, if he be sought unto; yet calling to thee, O look unto me and be Saved! And yet affording unto thee that Encouragement, in Joh. VI. 37. He that cometh unto me, I will in no wise cast out.

And, Oh! What wilt thou now do under these Astonishing Invitations? Wilt thou not improve these few Minutes with a most wondrous Industry and Agony? Do so, and se no longer such an Hard-hearted

Prodigy! Fall down before thy SA-VIOUR, and cry out; O my Savicur, Take pitty on my Soul, and now at the Last, let Sovereign Grace break forth, with a good Work of thy fear in my Soul! Cry out, O my Savicur, Let my Sin be all pardoned, and let all Sin be as Abeminable unto me, as it is unto all that fear thy Name! Let thy Outcries pierce the very Heavens.

But, be it known unto thee, If the fear of God be in thee, it will be a thing more Bitter than Death unto thee, that thou hast Sinned against His Glorious Majesty; Thy Malice against every Neighbour will be extinguished; Thou wilt submit with Patience, to the Punishment of thy Iniquity; And thou wilt be an Holy, Humbie, Thankful Soul, and quite another Creature!—— God of

His Infinite Mercy make thee 10!
Tho' I have now no more to say unto this poor Creature; yet I have something to say unto all this Congregation of God; and her Circumstances surnish me with an Awful Occasion for it.

Occasion for it.

I wish, Oh! I wish, the Testimonies of a thorough Repentance in her, were more Conspicuous. But I would make the best Use I can, of what Little has been obtained.

This Woman in her better Frames, has very Voluntarily over and over again, testified her Desire, to do what Good may be done, by an Instrument, that she has put into my Hands; Signed with her own, before several Witnesses, after every Clause thereof had been distinctly Considered with her. An Instrument which I shall now Read unto you.

Miserable Death is hastened upon me, for my Sins against the Almighty God. I own the Justice of the Almighty in what is come upon me; and I own also the Justice of the Government, in Executing the Sentence of the Law which cuts me off. I have reason to be amazed at the Mercy of the

Lord, in providing a Saviour for fo great and vile a Sinner. I fly to Him, that my Sins may be all pardoned for the sake of His Blood, and that I may be delivered particularly from the Bloodguiltiness wherewith I am justly Chargeable;

and also that He would give me a

New Heart, and make all my Sins.

Bitter and Loathsome to me.

I am sensible, That without a true Repentance, I must Perish under the dreadful Wrath of God; 'And wo to me, if I Dye in my Sins. But I am informed, That in Repenting of my Sins, I shall do well to warn other Sinners against fuch things as have been the undoing of my Soul.

I do therefore declare, That I believe God has been greatly Offended at me, for the Sins of an

Unbridled Tongue; whereof Swearing and Cursing is to be particular-

ly reckoned; and for my Profanations of His Holy Sabbaths. But the Sin which above many lies heavy

heavy on my Mind, is my Disobedience and Rebellion against my Parents; A Sin against which I would have all to be warned, that would not come to an untimely End.

'I also Bewail before the Lord, and His People, the Sins of Unchastity, which have led me on to the Ruine that is now come upon me. Little do poor Creatures consider, when they are once got into the Unclean ways of Unchastity, what

they shail come to.

Being forsaken of God, I attempted in Murderous Ways, to Destrey my Unborn Infant. God saw my Wickedness, and would not let me succeed in those Attempts; but left me to such a Neglect of my New-born Infant, as has made it a just thing that I should now Dye for the Murder of it.

God be Merciful to me a Sinner: and make my Warnings Profitable

to other Simers.

The Violent Passions whereinto this Woman has been Transported since her calm and free Exhibition of this Instrument, leave us at a perfect Loss what to make of her. We can do no more, but leave her to the unknown Mercy of God.

But my Hearers, You can your-felves now generally make agreeable Remarks, on this Instrument; And you will not let such an uncommon Engine

of Piety be lost among you.

But, I hope, Undutiful Children efpecially will tremble at the Spectacle which God this Day hangs up for them all with a Trembling Soul to look upon. Undutiful Children, How often, how often have you now heard from the Gallows, those doleful Ejulations, Disobedience to Parents is what brings to thus! Yea, 'tis a wonderful Thing I am now to tell you. This poor Creature here, cannot now forget it. In a mad Rage once, [Horrible to be spoken!] she Cursed ber own Mother. And her enraged Mother then uttered that Impreca-

tion upon her, I wish thou mayest Dye upon the Gallows! And now, see what it is come to! Oh! do not you go on in your Disobedience. If you have given your Parents cause to Complain, that you have made Heavy Hearts for them, Repent of what you have done; and Obey them, Oblige them, Comfort them. What will the Holy GOD else leave you to? Child, If thou wilt not bearken to my Counsil, I know that God has determined, He will destroy thee!

And, Oh! that all Profane Delays of Repentance, might after this appear more Frightful, from a fresh and a black and a stupendous Experiment, that has been made of the Danger in them. This poor Creature, upon her very first Imprisonment, had the best Advice that could be given unto her, to spend her Time unto the best Advantage. But a vile Person in the Prison perswaded her, that he should make his Escape, and would carry her off; and all should be well. I know not how to relate the Hideous

Hardneß of Heart, which this Foolish Perswasion betray'd her to. But I cannot perceive any of all her Follies, to be now more Cruciating to her, than what were the Fruit of this Perswasion. Particularly, That now she minded nothing of Repentance, until her Condemnation; And God knows, what poor Work she has made of it since, tho' the Honourable Judges have Mercifully allow'd so much Time unto her.— O Procrastinating Sinners, If by secure Delays of Repentance, you so Vex the Holy Spirit of God, as to procure His Departure from you, what Hardness of Heart may you be given up unto! Wo to them, when I depart from them, saith the Lord.

But now at last, Shall the Sins of Unchastity undergo one Contusion more? Good God, make it an Effectual

. 072e!

Abominable Sins! The Sins whereof our Holy JESUS, hath from Heaven sent this Notice to us, I hate them! The Sins, which the Holy Scripture points points out, as a fatal Ditch, a filthy Pit, set open for the Abborred of the Lord. How Mischievous the Abominations! What Wounds, what Wounds, do they leave upon the Souls of Men! What Wounds upon all their Interests! What Infatuations do accompany them! Oh! the Hideous Havock, which the Sins of Unchastity make among the polluted Children of Men! The Ruines which they undergo from the Fleshly Lusts, that War against our Souls!

Ah, Tempted Souls; I don't propose that you should make any Raju Vows, under the Anguish which the filthy Fires may give unto you. I know, you'l break them if you do. But the best Proposal is, To Humble yourselves in the Dust before the Lord. What elie can you do, when the Serpents of the Dust are Coiling about you? From thence, lift up your Cries unto your Saviour, O my dear Saviour, I shall Sin against thee, if thou forsake me. Oh! Forsake me not utterly! Oh! Pity me; Oh! Rescue me. The Blood of thy Cross has purchased for me

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the Death of my Inordinate Lusts. Oh! Give me the Grace, which thy Death has purchased for me. Let my Lusts all Dye before it! O Succour my Tempted Soul; And, O Holy Spirit of Grace, do thou take Possession of me, and Purify me, Purify me Wonderfully! Thus keep Crying to your Holy Lord. Who can tell, how He will Send from above, how He will Take you, how He will Draw you out of many Waters!

I cannot but think, That there is a Voice of God unto the Country in this Thing; That there should be so many Instances of Women Executed for the Murder of their Bastard-Children. There are now Six or Seven such unhappy Instances, that are upon Record, and made Pillars of Salt in Printed Memorials. Lo, God scalt in Printed Memorials. Lo, God scalt out His Voice, and that a mighty Voice, in these Things. Lord, Help us to understand thy Meaning in them.

Certainly, There is a Loud Voice and Call from God unto Good Men, to consider more than ever; What Sacred Exorcisms are to be used, that

the Unclean Spirit may be suppressed in the Land.

Most certainly, There is this Voice of GOD: Let all People beward how they give way to lesser Beginnings in the Sins of Unchastity. Oh People can't see, where they shall stop, if once they give the Reins to Impetuous Impurities.

Most certainly, All of us that may upon Reflection find any Stumbles into the Sins of Unchastity, may now hear this Voice of GOD unto us; O Reviail your Impurities; and Abbor yoursclives before an Holy GOD; and get the Cleansing Blood of your Savious sprinkled on your Souls. And may we not apprehend one thing more? Several Bastard-Children have been Murdered in this Place; But there has not unto this Day been any Detection of the Murderers. There is this Day a Voice of GOD, and lo, it is a mighty Voice, unto those Bloody Creatures; Oh! Let not the Patiyou, Wonder at it, That God has not all

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this while delivered you up, to the Sword of Justice. Let the Long-suffering of God be for your Salvation. O Turn to God, with a thorough Repentance, lest He leave you to something that all the People shall be Amazed at!

I have done. I leave these Faith-ful Warnings in the Hands of GOD, for Him to make them Essicacious. O Glorious LORD, Give thou, for Thou alone canst give, an Essicacy to them!

# FINIS.